

Books, Bibles, Blank Books, School Supplies, Window Shades, Wall Paper, Pianos and Organs, Musical Instruments.

We have recently added a superior line of wine red inks for fine writing, fountain pens, etc. The DeWolfe's rickie and Aluminum pens.

News Depot. JONES' Bookstore.

Change of Your Life. A Firstclass, Big Stock of Shoes and Slippers Almost Given Away.

It has been well said that there are tricks in all trades, but there is a trick being "turned" in the shoe business in Wayne that simply knocks all previous records galley-west, within the knowledge of the DEMOCRAT man.

An Opportunity for an Argument.

Republican: The Republican has been requested not to mention the arrest of the parties charged with gambling and it was assumed that the proprietors of the other papers in the city would be very silent about the matter.

I would like to ask the editor of the Wayne Republican, and the writer of the above item, since when the Republican became a "newspaper" and not an "apologist for law breakers?"

Conclusion: I believe that such a conclusion and indignation and pretense on the part of the editor of the Republican to acquire himself of, is

The Nebraska Democrat.

FOURTEENTH YEAR.

WAYNE, WAYNE COUNTY, NEB. DEC. 1, 1899.

\$1 PER YEAR.

PRICES TALK

Ladies Wrappers

at less than cost of material. We have them in Calico, Percal, Flannel-ettes and Eiderdowns and in all the popular prices they are back in our Cloak department.

Look around; try ours before you buy; nothing finer.

Ladies' Heavy Fleece Lined Wrappers

in pretty patterns, ruffles over shoulders and pleated, back trimmed with braid; only 25c. Eiderdown Wrappers extra well made. A regular \$2.50 wrapper, only \$2. Good Calico wrapper 50c. Heavy Percal wrapper, body-lined, pleated back and ruffles \$1.

Bargains for All People

who wear Jackets and Skirts as well as Wrappers. 1 Lot of Jackets made of fine Kersoy, with strapped seams, lined throughout, man-tailored made to sell at \$10; our price \$6.50.

Blanket Headquarters

When you get ready to buy blankets be sure to visit this store. If you do you will not be sorry. Perhaps you are not aware that we have larger and better selected stock of Bath, Cotton and Woolen Blankets than was ever shown in this town and at prices very much lower.

- As we know, Prices Talk: 10-4 Blankets, 2 1/2 lbs in weight, only 50c pair. 11-4 Blankets, 3 lbs in weight, 64x80 inches in size, all colors, bordered 75c pair. 12-4 Blankets, 1 1/2 lbs in weight, size 68x90, a dandy and only \$1.50 pair.

Underwear

Are you in search of Underwear? We can supply your wants as we are especially strong on underwear as to prices. We, as is our custom, giving you the best thing in the market for the least money.

We start on Children's at 8c a garment for 16c. In boys' we have the best that can be produced at 25c a garment. Ladies and Misses lines are equally strong.

Cape Values

Which we are offering now are the talk of the town and justly so. You would hardly expect to obtain such elegant garments at the prices even at this time of the year, but it is our policy to sell as we go, no season closes with a stock of cloaks on hand here, that isn't our way of doing business.

We Have Special Offerings

of Heavy Sols Plush Capes, 30 inches long, 100 inch sweep, Lined and Fine Trimmed, made to sell at \$9; our price this week \$5.00.

We also have some special numbers in Children's Garments that are worth twice the asking price.

We would be pleased to have you look them over.

Hosiery

Like people has its good and bad points. It takes an expert to detect them; very few wearers of hosiery are experts.

People who buy hosiery here get the best at lowest prices. Our hosiery business has been built on this basis. As it is large and constantly increasing it is an evidence of the merit of our goods.

We Have an Especial Number

in Ladies heavy fleeced, double-sole at 15c pair that are truly worth and almost always sold at 25c pair.

In Children's we have everything in price from 10c a pair to 25c a pair.

We are agents for New Idea PATTERNS.

WILSON BROS, WAYNE.

simply the wailings of the hypocrite, the coward and baby. GILBERT HARRISON.

LOCAL NEWS.

Take clock repairing to Mines. Best buggies on earth—Eli Jones Dr. Heckert, dentist, over Miller's W. A. Ivory, dentist, over First Nat. Bank.

Ed Reynolds came home to give thanks with his family. Ray Reynolds has about recovered from his dangerous illness. George Witbur came up from Lincoln to eat turkey with his parents.

Wheat is today 45c, oats 16 1/2 corn 19, flax 112, and barley 33. Axel Kocford and family will leave in a few days for Chicago.

Mark Hanna has resigned as a chairman of the republican national committee. The DEMOCRAT office expects to be supplied with an electric motor in a week or so, and then we will try and get out on time.

The Monday club ladies will entertain the members of the U. D. club in honor of Mrs. N. Chace on Saturday, at the home of Mrs. Dearborn.

The county commissioners adjourned today to meet the 15th. They postponed a grant of bills but postponed the selection of a court house janitor.

Four new members joined the W. of the W. at a special meeting held Wednesday night. The lodge is growing finely, and some night next week C. Geo. W. Reed, editor of the Kansas City Journal, will lecture before the lodge members and the general public.

Fortune tellers have been working in town this week. One of them hit the DEMOCRAT bread house and addressing Mrs. By Dad said: "Madam your face shows that have had some rare good luck, (you bet, that was correct) but your best fortune is to come yet; (boy, we suppose) you also have a terrible enemy; let me tell your fortune today, Madam."

Hi Greggs was a visitor to Carroll Tuesday. Mrs. A. B. Clark came home from Omaha today.

Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Holtz came home from their sad visit to Council Bluffs. Louis Ziemer of Hoskins broke a leg one day last week while doing bridge work near Carroll.

It won't hurt you any to rubberneck at those dandy new granite kettles at Chace & Neeley's.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Howard and Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Howard and family took Thanksgiving dinner with Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Feather.

Misses Goldie Brooking and Bertha Armstrong attended a party at Wakefield Saturday evening, given by Messdames Rowse and Wheeler.

At the German Lutheran church in Leslie precinct at two o'clock, Wednesday, Rev. Shultz officiating, Henry Baker and Miss Rosa Brudigan were joined in the holy bonds of wedlock, in the presence of a large number of friends and relatives.

Did you eat turkey. Arthur Lundburg is working at Wakefield. Miss Maude Tidrick and Mr. Jos. Sheets were married at the home of the bride, near Altona, Wednesday.

The city council met Monday night and passed bills on file. A petition of one hundred citizens to force all business houses to close up on Sunday was promptly turned down.

Pierce Leader: Wayne business men are already advertising Christmas and holiday goods. Wayne has some of the most enterprising merchants in the West, and they are always up-to-date and at the head of the procession.

The U. D. club met with Mrs. Reed on Monday and having previously received invitations to stay for the evening, they enjoyed one of the most daintily served six course teas ever given in our city.

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Harry Rogers, Black Hills horse thief, created a howl on a Short Line train, near Plainview, while being taken to the penitentiary. He got a knife from the sheriff to clean his nails and at once slashed his throat from ear to ear.

C. M. Craven was in Pender over Sunday. H. B. Jones was in Sioux City on business Monday.

F. N. Hostetter went to Yankton Monday on business. Mrs. A. B. Clark was a passenger to Sergeant's Bluffs Monday.

The Sleepless Teamster has got hay and straw for sale, galore. E. E. Reed and family leave for Omaha next week where they will reside.

J. W. Turner says he will continue to be landlord of the Boydso far as he knows. Miss Laura Holtz is teaching district school in No. 42, and Miss Pearl Reynolds is again teaching in Dixon county.

My Residence with two acres of ground in the west part of town is for sale on easy terms or would exchange for good farm land or take smaller town property as part pay. Also fine Jersey cow for sale, was fresh in September. Enquire of REED, KOHL & SURBER.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Chace and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Chace of Stanton, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Chace and Mr. and Mrs. Charley McLeod of Pitzer, are turkey with Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Chace. Dr. Wightman and family dined with Mr. Bressler's family Thanksgiving day.

A HORRIBLE CHARGE.

Accused of Seduction by an Eleven-Year-Old Girl.

JOHN CASSEL, DEFENDANT.

He is Held to District Court in \$2,000 Bonds.

Thanksgiving afternoon Sheriff Coffery went out to Brenna precinct and arrested a prominent farmer, John M. Cassel, on the serious and awful charge of seduction, alleged to have been committed upon the person of little Pearl Banbigle, the 11-year-old daughter of Mr. Cassel's housekeeper.

As usual in such cases the evidence was shocking, but when one looked at the child and comprehended the whole circumstances it became repulsive in the extreme. It appears the little girl's father is away, his mother in law knew not where. She had come down from South Dakota a few months ago where she had been living with an uncle at Woonsocket.

Death of Senator Hayward.

As the DEMOCRAT goes to press the reports from Nebraska City are to the effect that the Senator has but a few hours to live.

Two Joyous Weddings.

A jolly crowd of Wayne people, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Coyle, Miss Letta Corbit and Messrs. Ted Perry, Charley Johnson, Hugh O'Connell and Peter Porterfield of Norfolk, drove out to Henry Bush's farm residence, fourteen miles northwest of town, Wednesday evening to attend the wedding of Mr. James Porterfield and Miss Ida Martin.

At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Skeen, Thanksgiving Day, their daughter, Olive Pearl, to Mr. Frank P. Davey of Ponca, County Judge Hunter officiating. Only a few intimate friends were present.

NOTICE.

On and after Dec. 3, 1899, our markets will be closed on Sundays, and at eight o'clock every evening excepting Saturday evenings. J. H. GOLL, ROBE & FORTNER, VOLPFF BROS.

THE SIOUX CITY TRIBUNE holds a membership in the Sioux City Live Stock exchange, and the official report of the Sioux City live stock market; it is the only paper which does.

As a general newspaper it is unequalled in all the west. Try it. Daily by mail one year \$4.00 Weekly issue by mail \$1.00 Saturday, 16 pages, by mail \$1.00 Address all communications to JNO. C. KELLY, publisher, Sioux City, Iowa.

FOR SALE In our exclusive carpet room. 200 Samples, one and a half yards in each, for Rugs; very cheap. HARRINGTON & ROBBINS.

OTIS SAYS IT IS OVER

REPORTS THAT AGUIÑALDO'S REPUBLIC IS CRUSHED.

Claims Made That Forces of Filippinos Are Widely Scattered and Demoralized.

Manila, Nov. 28.—The news which the censorship bureau brings from Davao dispels all doubts that the so-called Philippine republic is crumbling like a house of cards.

Aguiñaldo is deserted or being abandoned by the politicians, and an army which a fortnight ago was entrenched at Talarac, and exercised a defacto government over nine-tenths of the people of the island, is fugitive in the mountains with small hope of re-establishing the machine. The army is scattered in the hills on both sides of the railroad, and is separated into small units.

The ruling spirit in the cabinet is a prisoner in Manila, a white elephant in the hands of the authorities, and the small fry are tumbling over one another to get to Manila.

Three provincial governors have arrived in Manila to ask General Otis to install them in their old offices under the new regime. Dr. Luna, a brother of General Luna, and a prominent insurgent leader, has arrived here to ask General Otis for permission to enjoy the luxuries of Manila, after months of separation from civilization.

There were no demonstrations over the victory here. The flags are flying at half mast out of respect for Vice President Hobart. The natives appear to be unmoved and business is untroubled.

Friday night parties of insurgents made feeble attacks upon Imus and Zapote bridge. The only large organized force of insurgents known to remain are those in the Cavite province, at San Mateo and in the Zambales mountains, though several forts have been garrisoned.

Aguiñaldo began his retreat with 2,000 men under General Gregorio del Pilar. That force was probably reduced to its present proportions by desertion.

General Otis has been reported to have been in the mountains near Trinidad, Eastern Aringay, toward Bayambang, escorted by 200 men of the Bulacan battalion, who dwindled from 2,000 to 200 men.

A letter from General Mino has been intercepted, in which the writer says that he has been in the mountains, and is supposed to have joined him.

General Young, with the Maccabees and Chase's scouts, is still on the trail of the fugitives. Men and horses are badly used up. General Wheaton is trying to get a force of men and supplies to them from the coast.

General Young left Tayug November 13, to connect with General Wheaton, with the Maccabees and three troops of cavalry, under the command of Captain Hunter and Lieut. Thayer, pushed through to Asingan. From that point Lieutenant Thayer, with twelve men, started for General Young's camp.

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THE KAISER IN ENGLAND.

Emperor's Visit Bitterly Criticized in Deutchland.

Berlin, Nov. 28.—The visit of Emperor William to England, although more or less expected, has been met with a decidedly bitter opinion this week above all else. Even the most rabid Anglophobes found little fault with the report of the visit, and the majority of the papers commented, in a friendly way, on the evidences of good will and sympathy shown the emperor, even by the lower classes of Englishmen, and argued well therefrom for a firmer and clearer understanding between the two countries.

It is significant that one of Germany's noted professors publishes a strong argument in favor of a German-British-American alliance, while Herr Barth does the same. In the nature of things, the emperor's visit is the vast majority of the people and press continue hostile to Great Britain and disapprove of the imperial visit.

The Cologne Volks Zeitung has written a poetic warning to the emperor, beginning: "Nach England, kaiser, geh nicht!" "While scores of papers have vented their feelings, signs are discernible that opinion begins to waver. Not only the Cologne Gazette, which has been friendly to Great Britain from the beginning, but the Kreuzzeitung, often the barometer of cold weather, and the leading center organ, the Cologne Volks Zeitung, have arrived at this conclusion.

The Kreuzzeitung says: "Opinion in Germany does not strive against the re-establishment of better political and friendly relations with England, but the contrary, it favors both and believes there is room enough on the globe for both nations, without either the one or the other being obliged to admit, and it is difficult to know what can be expected for some time. While the official dispatches from the Boer head laager outside Ladysmith, dated November 24, showed that the town was still being beleaguered by the Pretoria force course with its comrades of the Hussars.

It will not surprise any one if the Boers are shortly discovered in an entrenched position near the spot from which General Methuen has just evicted them.

From no other point can even a semblance of success be reported. Making is apparently in a worse plight than the Britishers have hitherto cared to admit, and it is difficult to know what can be expected for some time. While the official dispatches from the Boer head laager outside Ladysmith, dated November 24, showed that the town was still being beleaguered by the Pretoria force course with its comrades of the Hussars.

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GLOOMY IN ENGLAND.

SITUATION IN SOUTH AFRICA CAUSES ANXIETY.

No Sign of Success Shown For Belegued Cities of Mafeking and Ladysmith.

London, Nov. 28.—The position in Natal remains full of perplexities, which the censorship has increased. Although a division and a half have now reached Durban, that place is practically powerless, and the British cavalry and artillery and until these arrive the situation will undoubtedly remain grave.

With the beleaguered garrisons in Natal, besides Kimberley and Mafeking, and no signs of succor in the immediate future, it is no wonder that the outlook is regarded as distinctly gloomy, and the cause of anxiety is made out of General Methuen's success, such as it was. That battle decided nothing, and it seems certain that a certain gentleman has one copy of "Coin's Financial School" and another copy of "Coin's Money Trust and Imperialism."

The arrival of the German officers, some of whom, it is learned, gained large experience in reducing fortifications in 1870, has caused a change of tactics which will add to the suspense of the sorely tired garrison.

The situation in the northern portion of the colony is not only remains satisfactory as it can be. Boers are turning up in all directions. The Capetown dispatch received at a late hour indicates that the enemy have blown up a railway bridge between Rosemead Junction and Middleburg, with the object of preventing an advance from Port Elizabeth. This was effected by a small commando which was sent to the bridge by the Boers.

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COIN HARVEY'S NEW BOOK.

Writers and orators, like soldiers, make it a practice to overshoot the people they are aiming at. It is said that it takes as much as a ton of lead in bullets to disable one man. So it is in writing books. As an illustration, in 1870, a certain schoolmaster published an attempted answers to the little schoolmaster's lecture. Tens of thousands of newspapers, magazines, periodicals, secular and religious, published in all languages and in all countries known to mankind, have been wrestling for many days the book appeared until now with the simple truths so plainly explained by Mr. Harvey in his remarkable work, "Coin's Financial School."

The American people will be rejoiced to know that this gifted writer, so powerful in stripping mystified propositions of their seeming mystery, and restating them in manner and form that we all can comprehend, is now engaged in writing a new book entitled "Coin on Money Trust and Imperialism," which will be sold at 25 cents a copy.

Such a simple direct and simple explanation of the hundreds of thousands of children who will attend "Coin's School on Money Trust and Imperialism," and familiarize themselves with these great questions before the winter months are over.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—Lord Cromer, the British minister here, has received the following dispatch from General Kitchener: "Wingate's force caught up with the khaffa's force seven miles south of Gedid and attacked it. After a sharp fight he took the position. The khaffa, who was surrounded by a body guard of emirs, was killed and all the princeling and other valuable information, which will fit them out for immediate business. Address all communications to Coin Publishing Co., No. 5 Studio Building, corner State and Ohio streets, Chicago, Ill."

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THE TURKEY'S FATE.

The opening ceremony of the festival connected with Thanksgiving day in New York has been a most important feature of the holiday feast.

When the bird that was to occupy the place of honor on the table had been gilded, it was taken to one corner of the farmyard and a cup of brandy was placed before it. The turkey would drink this eagerly and would then give a "tear" of the funniest sort. He would staggeringly strut up and down, his wings trailing on the ground. At one time he would seem to be in a tremor, and then would appear to be overcome with the hilarious aspect of his condition.

All the members of the family and the relatives and friends who had come to spend Thanksgiving with it would gather in the yard and enjoy the sight. Finally when the poor fellow was exhausted and overcome with drowsiness he was killed.

The good housewives imagined that it increased the flavor of the turkey 50 per cent to kill it when it was drunk. Family and friends gathered around the liquor to be brought into their houses at any other time except as medicine, would not think it wrong to take a little more to drink. Perhaps it was thought that the bird would feel less worried over its fate if the headman's hatchet was put to it when it was in a state of blissful ignorance.

A WORD FOR THE MOTHER. Thanksgiving brings together the scattered members of the family. "Mother's turkey" and "Mother's chicken" are the two favorite dishes of the old homestead in Maine to the shores of California, and from the green hills of Vermont to the sandy areas of Florida, and the wanderers come to Thanksgiving.

The smell of "mother's doughnuts" come across the continent, and lure back the prodigals to the old roof-tree. The mother's turkey, the mother's chicken, the mother's mince pie, to see if they are sweetest and spicily enough.

The mother of the family is full of care and bustle. Oh, dear, if there was only some one to do the cooking. If someone would only invent an entirely new specimen of pie! A kind that nobody had ever heard of. If there was only some one to do the frosting cake! If one could find some new recipe for pudding in the cook book!

THINGS TO BE THANKFUL FOR. That we are alive and kicking. That we are a humble, healthy citizen, and not a dead hero. That we owe less than we can pay. That we have a mother who will love us another turkey—if we are in luck. That the billous attack from which we generally suffer on the first of the month is yet some days away.

That we have never written poetry for some time. That we are a cheerful giver of a fine assortment of good advice. That we don't believe all we hear and don't say all we believe. That we don't go forth into the market place and invite all men to gaze on it. That we never lend anything on our own terms.

That we can live within our means, though sometimes we feel rather mean in doing so. That we admire all womankind with individual exceptions. That "Vox Populi" "Old Subscriber" and "Constant Reader" still make life pleasant for us.

FOR THE ELDERLY PEOPLE. Thanksgiving day is a festival of elderly people. The movement on that day is toward the home where the father and mother are still to be grand and old. It matters not if we have made a home for ourselves, and if it be ever so happy, it is to the hope of this day. It is to the old folk we go to relate the sorrow and happiness of the year, to sit again at the banquet table, share again in the hospitality and warm the hearts of the old and to give again the blessings of those who watched so carefully and lovingly over our early days. It was in these days that we first learned to be kind and to the benefits of a kind Providence and the spirit then instilled in us turns our thoughts ever homeward when the great annual feast of Thanksgiving occurs. Christmas with its lighter current of happiness, is for the children, but Thanksgiving, with its deeper thoughts, is for the old people, and it is with them that we wish to spend it.

THE ABSENT ONES. There will be vacant chairs. There are always faces to be missed on this Thanksgiving day which last year were bright and glad. The light will not shine at you across the Thanksgiving table. Many of the bravest and brightest of our young men have been called to the great beyond. The light of their lives is in the grave, but let us hope that the sacrifice of their hopeful young lives is in vain. Let us hope that in the glorious marching on of events the bright out of the one we so dearly loved may have helped on the Grand Inevitable—and that the hand of Destiny has written across the lives of the absent ones that angels can read it, and that it blessed.

CULTIVATE GOOD CHEER. Gratitude. Cheerfulness. Unselfishness—these are the good spirits which inevitably bring peace and joy in the train. Cultivate them, and you will find them warmly entreated to stay with you. Strange that we are so diligent to cultivate the things which make our lives so miserable, and neglect the things which make our lives so happy. Presence might make life a perpetual thanksgiving.

SELECTING THE BIRD. The turkey is selected with the greatest care. His legs are examined critically to determine his probable age. He is scrutinized to see if he is fattened properly—his head is keenly regarded to ascertain how long he has been deceased—and to ascertain how much "stuffing" he will contain, and admit of being served up. He is dressed with flour and butter, and then the stuffing is placed in the largest baking pan in the house, and all the invited members of the family are invited to view him and pass judgment upon him.

For sore throat try a compress of cold water.

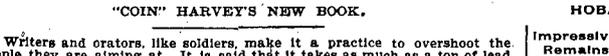
IMPRESSIVE FUNERAL SERVICE OBSERVED OF LATE VICE PRESIDENT. Paterson, N. J., Nov. 28.—With the impressive religious services of the Presbyterian church and with the dignity due to his high office, all that is mortal of the vice president, Arthur A. Hobart, was committed to the earth this afternoon. The president of the State of New Jersey, Chief Justice Fuller, former Vice President Levi P. Morton, former Secretary of War Alger, Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock, the supreme judges, members of the senate, members of congress and the vice president's personal friends filled the beautiful Church of the Redeemer, and with moistened eyes and bowed heads testified silently and eloquently to his worth as a statesman, friend and neighbor.

On every side of it, the floral offerings were ranked in rows of beauty and color. The funeral services were opened by Rev. Dr. Charles S. Shaw, who read a portion of Psalms 6, 1-6 and 136, which was followed by a selection from Job xiv, 1-2 and 7-12, and concluded by a reading from the fifteenth chapter of Corinthians. After a prayer sixty minutes in length, the Rev. Dr. Shaw, President of the church, intimated the beautiful melody of "Nearer, My God, to Thee."

PARIS LIKES ITS SCANDALS. Paris, Nov. 28.—The performance at the vaudeville on Thursday of M. Abel Hermant's new play, "Le Faubourg," was pre-eminently an eventful Parisian. This young author has a reputation for writing comedies in which the characters are drawn from life. His "Le Faubourg" is a comedy of the "Nearer, My God, to Thee" type.

KENTUCKY IRON COMPANY. Knoxville, Tenn., Nov. 28.—The Carter Iron and Steel company has been formed here, with capital stock of \$600,000, and the privilege of increasing it to \$5,000,000. The new company has absorbed the Blue Springs Mining company, the Helen Mine and Iron company, and the money Creek Iron company and secured valuable iron mines in Carter county, this state.

TRACK KNOCKS OUT GODDARD. Mack, Ont., Nov. 28.—Jack McCormick knocked out Joe Goddard of Australia in the second round of what was to have been a twenty-round battle. McCormick forced the fighting from the first round, chasing Goddard around the ring. In the second round McCormick cut the Australian in a furious manner. A right on the jaw sent the Australian to the floor with a crash after forty-five seconds of fighting. Goddard had to be carried to his corner.



'COIN' HARVEY'S NEW BOOK. HOBART LAID TO REST.

Writers and orators, like soldiers, make it a practice to overshoot the people they are aiming at. It is said that it takes as much as a ton of lead in bullets to disable one man. So it is in writing books. As an illustration, in 1870, a certain schoolmaster published an attempted answers to the little schoolmaster's lecture. Tens of thousands of newspapers, magazines, periodicals, secular and religious, published in all languages and in all countries known to mankind, have been wrestling for many days the book appeared until now with the simple truths so plainly explained by Mr. Harvey in his remarkable work, "Coin's Financial School."

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FIGHT FIERCE BATTLE

BRITISH LOSS SAID TO BE VERY HEAVY.

Boers Resist the Advance to the Relief of Kimberley—Story of the Fight.

London, (Special).—The war office has received the following dispatch from General Buller: "The Boers have resisted the advance to the relief of Kimberley with a very heavy loss. The Boers occupied Steynburg on Monday."

General Gecare reports having yesterday (Wednesday) encamped a battalion of infantry near Funder's kraal and that reinforcements were mounted, troops, with a battalion of infantry, arrived at the same camp today.

The Dutch rising continues in Broekmans district. The police at Molten Mill reports that armed Dutch have left Cradock, Cape Colony, to join the rebels at Broken Hill, taking with them armed natives.

General French conducted a reconnaissance toward Arundel, which he found in held in strength. He withdrew with three wounded men.

"The Boers are reported to be moving from Natal to the vicinity of Bloemfontein. Telegraphic communication with Belmont has been reopened and a heavy engagement is reported to have taken place."

The postmaster at Hopetown reports that the Kuruman people have defeated the northern rebels.

The secretary of war has received the following dispatch through General Buller: "The Boers are reported to have been in a strong position. Three ridges were carried in succession, the last attack being prepared by shipping."

Infantry behaved splendidly and received support from the mounted. The enemy fought with courage and skill. Had I attacked later I should have had far heavier loss.

The Boers were reported to have taken forty prisoners. Am burying a good number of the Boers, but the greater part of the enemy's killed and wounded were recovered by their comrades. Have captured a large number of horses and cows and destroyed a large quantity of ammunition.

"Brigadier General Peterborough is severely wounded in the right arm. Lieutenant Colonel McCabe of the Grenadier Guards is reported wounded. Our other casualties are the following:

General Gecare: killed, 1; wounded, 1. Killed, Lieutenant Fryer; wounded, Lieutenant Blundell, dangerous. Second battalion—Wounded, Lieutenant Leslie, Lieutenant Aignan and Lieutenant Gordon-Brown and Lieutenant Russell. Reported wounded—Lieutenants Lyon and Cameron. Grenadier Guards, rank and file—Killed, 26; wounded, 28; missing, 13.

Cold Stream Guards, First battalion—Wounded, Lieutenant Grant. Second battalion—Wounded, Lieutenant the C. Wiltoughy severely. Cold Stream Guards, rank and file—Killed, 8; wounded, 23; missing, 5.

Scots Guards, First battalion—Wounded, Major North. North Dalrymple-Hamilton, severely. Lieutenants Bulkeley and Alexander. Scots Guards, rank and file—Wounded, 34.

Northumbrians, rank and file—Killed, 1; wounded, 1. Northamptonshire regiment, Second battalion—Wounded, Captain Frenck and Lieutenant Barton, severely.

South Yorkshire regiment, Second battalion, rank and file—Wounded, 3.

ANXIOUS, THOUGH VICTORIOUS

London, (Special).—Before anxiety as to the situation in Natal has been relieved, there comes news of a great battle at Belmont. This has happened sooner than was expected. Only the first account is that the Boer forces appear to have been gathered, the fighting appears to have been almost a repetition of the battle of Elandsbaag.

A dispatch of the Boers in the vicinity numbered 2,000 and that they had five guns, and judging from the absence of any statement to the contrary in the official report, it is probable that the Boers were slightly superior in numbers.

The Boers had chosen a position with their customary skill and were strongly entrenched. The Boers were reported to carry their three ridges in succession. Apparently the guards bore the brunt in carrying the last ridge by a bayonet charge, after its defenders had been shaken by shrapnel shells.

Nothing is said as to whether the positions so gained were held and the destruction of ammunition seems to indicate that the contrary was the case. While General Methuen can be congratulated on a brilliant victory, it is again at the cost of a heavy loss of officers and men.

The diary of events at Mafeking up to November 15 has arrived. It gives little that is new. At that date Colonel Baden-Powell had no idea of being relieved for a fortnight, but in the month. Both Mafeking and Kimberley, however, seem to be quiet.

Later details regarding the Arundel reconnaissance are not yet available. It was engaged in destroying the railway. One account says that after the retirement an ambulance train with doctors was sent out from Mafeking, and it was reported that British casualties must have exceeded three.

The situation in Natal remains obscure. Fighting is reported at both Estcourt and Ladysmith. It was at first reported that heavy firing had been heard in the direction of Willow Grange, leading to the belief that General Buller had met the Boers. The advice states that General White went from Ladysmith and inflicted a defeat on the Boers.

It would be premature to give full credence to either report. What is quite certain is that Ladysmith, Estcourt and the Mool river station are all isolated, and it does seem clear, after long fighting on both sides, that the British forces aggregating 12,000 men, to push on toward Pietermaritzburg with some 7,000 men.

The disquietude of the whole campaign is the fact that all the advancing generals report meeting the Boers in force. In view of the brilliant success of General Buller in part by paralyzing the relieving columns, the question is being asked, what would have happened had he at the outset of the war, instead of sitting down at Ladysmith, pushed on to Pietermaritzburg?

General Gecare's report that the Dutch are rising increases public anxiety. It is tentatively rumored that they have long been current.

A special dispatch from Durban announces that more big naval guns were landed Wednesday and hurried to the front.

Prince Christian Victor left Mool river camp before he was invested, bearing dispatches to Pietermaritzburg.

BOILED DOWN.

Lord Salisbury is progressing favorably. Miskowicki, who filled the chair of political economy in the university of Lodez is dead.

The Chicago board of trade and the stock exchange were closed Saturday out of respect for the late vice president.

A special dispatch from Paris says Yvette Guilbert, the singer, is dangerously ill and has been operated upon for nephritis.

General Nelson A. Miles with his party has arrived at New Orleans. After an inspection of Fort Jackson and

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General Bagan's offense was violation of the military laws and not the civil. In all other cases in which official clemency was granted, the president declined to interfere. In the case of Emigré Anecito G. Menocal, convicted by court-martial of inefficiency and negligence, sentenced to three years' suspension on furlough pay. His sentence was commuted by the president on August 26, 1898.

Immediately after his inauguration on March 4, 1897, President McKinley began the exercise of his prerogative and has continued to do so with more frequency than any other president.

On January 9, 1898, the president pardoned Captain John D. Hart of Pennsylvania, who had been convicted of violating the neutrality laws by assisting the British. In the case he had furnished arms to the Cubans before war with Spain was declared. Captain Hart's petition for executive clemency was granted on February 11, 1898.

The following recapitulation shows the crime of which the offender was convicted and the number of pardons and commutations of sentence granted by President McKinley:

RECAPITULATION OF PARDONS.

Bank-wreckers, embezzling cashiers, making false reports, and other violations of national banks—Pardons, 16; commutations, 8.

Dishonest postmasters, embezzling money orders, postal frauds, and other offenses against the postal service—Pardons, 41; commutations, 23.

Desertions from the army and navy of the United States—Pardons, 22; commutations, 12.

Counterfeiting, lightening of gold coins, and other offenses against the currency of the United States—Pardons, 23; commutations, 14.

Violating internal revenue laws, selling liquor without license, and other offenses—Pardons, 12; commutations, 7.

Conspiracy—Pardons, 5; commutations, 2.

Horse theft and cattle-stealing—Pardons, 21; commutations, 15.

Introducing liquor in Indian country—Pardons, 9; commutations, 6.

Manslaughter—Pardons, 3; commutations, 2.

Murder—Pardons, 2; commutations, 1.

Assault with intent to kill—Pardons, 5; commutations, 2.

Carrying concealed weapons—Pardons, 2; commutations, 1.

Violating pension laws—Pardons, 4; commutations, 1.

Unlawful combination—Pardons, 3; commutations, 0.

Obtaining money under false pretenses—Pardons, 1; commutations, 4.

Cutting timber on public domain—Pardons, 4; commutations, 1.

Perjury—Pardons, 5; commutations, 1.

Larceny, grand and petit—Pardons, 10; commutations, 1.

United States officials—Pardons, 3; commutations, 0.

Robbery—Pardons, 1; commutations, 1.

Assaults—Pardons, 2; commutations, 3.

Buying cattle from Indians—Pardons, 0; commutations, 1.

Rape—Pardons, 0; commutations, 1.

Kidnaping—Pardons, 0; commutations, 1.

Failing to perform service as a mail contractor—Pardons, 0; commutations, 1.

Slender—Pardons, 0; commutations, 1.

Kidnaping—Pardons, 0; commutations, 1.

Obstructing a settler on public land—Pardons, 1; commutations, 0.

Making false demand for annuity—Pardons, 0; commutations, 1.

Housebreaking—Pardons, 1; commutations, 0.

Mischievous mischief—Pardons, 0; commutations, 1.

Violating neutrality laws—Pardons, 1; commutations, 0.

Resisting officers of the United States—Pardons, 13; commutations, 0.

Total pardons granted, 349.

Total commutations of sentence, 129.

The following list of names, names, and dates of pardon or commutation, was compiled from the official records of the department of justice:

BANK WRECKERS, EMBEZZLERS, VIOLATORS OF NATIONAL BANKING LAWS, ETC.

John M. Wall, Ohio—Aiding and abetting in making false entries in report of national bank to comptroller of currency; sentence of five years commuted May 2, 1897, to two years.

Frederick B. Griffin, Illinois—Embezzling funds national bank; sentence of five years; pardoned after serving two years, June 1, 1897.

Charles E. Bigham, Illinois—Embezzling funds national bank; sentence of five years; pardoned June 2, 1897, after serving six months.

Harry H. Kennedy, Pennsylvania—Misappropriation of funds of national bank; two indictments; sentenced to ten years; pardoned May 27, 1897.

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On January 9, 1898, the president pardoned Captain John D. Hart of Pennsylvania, who had been convicted of violating the neutrality laws by assisting the British. In the case he had furnished arms to the Cubans before war with Spain was declared. Captain Hart's petition for executive clemency was granted on February 11, 1898.

The following recapitulation shows the crime of which the offender was convicted and the number of pardons and commutations of sentence granted by President McKinley:

RECAPITULATION OF PARDONS.

Bank-wreckers, embezzling cashiers, making false reports, and other violations of national banks—Pardons, 16; commutations, 8.

Dishonest postmasters, embezzling money orders, postal frauds, and other offenses against the postal service—Pardons, 41; commutations, 23.

Desertions from the army and navy of the United States—Pardons, 22; commutations, 12.

Counterfeiting, lightening of gold coins, and other offenses against the currency of the United States—Pardons, 23; commutations, 14.

Violating internal revenue laws, selling liquor without license, and other offenses—Pardons, 12; commutations, 7.

Conspiracy—Pardons, 5; commutations, 2.

Horse theft and cattle-stealing—Pardons, 21; commutations, 15.

Introducing liquor in Indian country—Pardons, 9; commutations, 6.

Manslaughter—Pardons, 3; commutations, 2.

Murder—Pardons, 2; commutations, 1.

Assault with intent to kill—Pardons, 5; commutations, 2.

Carrying concealed weapons—Pardons, 2; commutations, 1.

Violating pension laws—Pardons, 4; commutations, 1.

Unlawful combination—Pardons, 3; commutations, 0.

Obtaining money under false pretenses—Pardons, 1; commutations, 4.

Cutting timber on public domain—Pardons, 4; commutations, 1.

Perjury—Pardons, 5; commutations, 1.

Larceny, grand and petit—Pardons, 10; commutations, 1.

United States officials—Pardons, 3; commutations, 0.

Robbery—Pardons, 1; commutations, 1.

Assaults—Pardons, 2; commutations, 3.

Buying cattle from Indians—Pardons, 0; commutations, 1.

Rape—Pardons, 0; commutations, 1.

Kidnaping—Pardons, 0; commutations, 1.

Failing to perform service as a mail contractor—Pardons, 0; commutations, 1.

Slender—Pardons, 0; commutations, 1.

Kidnaping—Pardons, 0; commutations, 1.

Obstructing a settler on public land—Pardons, 1; commutations, 0.

Making false demand for annuity—Pardons, 0; commutations, 1.

Housebreaking—Pardons, 1; commutations, 0.

Mischievous mischief—Pardons, 0; commutations, 1.

Violating neutrality laws—Pardons, 1; commutations, 0.

Resisting officers of the United States—Pardons, 13; commutations, 0.

Total pardons granted, 349.

Total commutations of sentence, 129.

The following list of names, names, and dates of pardon or commutation, was compiled from the official records of the department of justice:

BANK WRECKERS, EMBEZZLERS, VIOLATORS OF NATIONAL BANKING LAWS, ETC.

John M. Wall, Ohio—Aiding and abetting in making false entries in report of national bank to comptroller of currency; sentence of five years commuted May 2, 1897, to two years.

Frederick B. Griffin, Illinois—Embezzling funds national bank; sentence of five years; pardoned after serving two years, June 1, 1897.

Charles E. Bigham, Illinois—Embezzling funds national bank; sentence of five years; pardoned June 2, 1897, after serving six months.

Harry H. Kennedy, Pennsylvania—Misappropriation of funds of national bank; two indictments; sentenced to ten years; pardoned May 27, 1897.

Alonzo B. Crawford, Missouri—Em-

McKINLEY PARDONS MANY CRIMINALS

HAS SET FREE MORE CRIMINALS THAN ANY OTHER PRESIDENT.

Every Crime, Including Murder, Bank Wrecking, Embezzling and Counterfeiting.

President McKinley, during the two years and five months of his term, has pardoned 129 criminals and commuted the sentences of 129 others. This record is about equal to the total number of pardons and commutations granted by President Cleveland during his entire term of office.

The figures do not include the notorious use of executive clemency extended to Brigadier General Charles E. Eastman, a former member of the United States army, tried by court-martial and sentenced to dismissal from the army, which was commuted to six years' suspension of pay by the president.

General Bagan's offense was violation of the military laws and not the civil. In all other cases in which official clemency was granted, the president declined to interfere. In the case of Emigré Anecito G. Menocal, convicted by court-martial of inefficiency and negligence, sentenced to three years' suspension on furlough pay. His sentence was commuted by the president on August 26, 1898.

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IT WILL BE APPROPRIATE.

It will be eminently appropriate if the meeting of the Democratic National Committee for the purpose of setting the date for the holding of the next Democratic National Convention shall take place in the National Capital on Washington's Birthday.

Despite the Republican imperialists' attempt to bunco the American people into a belief that imperialism is Americanism and that the imperialist standard and Old Glory are one and the same flag, the fact remains that the McKinley imperialist administration is dangerously astray from American doctrine. It has yielded to the perilous fascination of the glamour of empire and military power. It has been swept into the maelstrom of European intrigue. It is forgetting the obligations imposed by liberty in its determination to wrongfully improve the opportunity offered by a national strength gained through liberty. It seeks to make this government a "world power" at the expense of weaker peoples who seek but to be free.

The Democratic party, which loses its democracy the moment it surrenders one jot or one tittle of the teachings of the great Democrats who founded this government, stands for the maintenance of American principles in the serious crisis now developing. Its leaders proclaim exactly what Washington or Jefferson or Monroe would proclaim were he alive—that we have no right to govern any other people but with the consent of the governed, that the Filipinos and the Cubans are entitled to freedom because all men are born to a birthday of freedom, and that our rightful supremacy in the Western half of the world is based upon our just refusal to extend our dominion into the older Eastern half. And vainly would the syndicates reveal to these great Americans the temptation of the millions of dollars, the armies of cheap laborers, the vast new field of monopoly enterprise, offered by imperialism.

It will not be inappropriate, therefore, for the Democratic Presidential campaign of 1900 to date its beginning from the City of Washington on the anniversary of Washington's Birthday. The great issue of that campaign will be the preservation of American principle. It is an issue of tremendous import. From the moment we abandon the teachings of the early American patriots, from the moment we deny to other peoples that liberty for which our fathers so righteously strove, from that moment, despite all the proud showing of conquered territory and subjugated nations, will begin the decline and downfall of what should be an unshakable free government—betrayed by that sin of ambition which hurled Satan and his angels from the highest heaven to the lowest hell.—St. Louis Republic.

New York is on the threshold of a Democratic redemption. The returns have all been gathered, and the additions and subtractions made. Now that the dust of combat has so far settled that one may gain some glimpse of results, what, think you, is the black majority was 246,000. It was Clevelandism that did that. In 1897 it bleached to 80,000. One year ago (1898) it whitened out still further, and stood as 18,500. This Autumn (1899) the Republicans in their superiority, as stated, fade and pale to a trifle above 9,000. In 1900—mark the Verdict's word—that superiority will have died

and disappeared—buried beneath a Bryan plurality of 50,000. And all this makes the morose and and sulky reason of present Republican gloom. The further they travel, the darker it gets.—Verdict.

An exchange says there is one thing about Bryan's having lectured for money. Nobody hung around the door after the lecture was over wanting his money back.

Washington Dispatch.—Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn, who has just returned from Nebraska, said: The people of my State are heartily in accord with the policy of the administration, and, in my judgement, will endorse it at the next national election. The loss of the state by the republicans this month is due entirely to local causes."

Milwaukee wants the next democratic national convention and has offered to furnish an auditorium that will seat 15,000 and put up bonus to apply on the expenses of the national committee, etc., of \$50,000. But Kansas City goes her better. Kansas City will do all that Milwaukee offers and on top of that pay all convention and committee expenses, whatever they may be. But there will be a question as to what made Kansas City famous.

A big revival has just closed at Kansas City. The audience on the last night numbered 10,000 and at the conclusion of the preaching all those who were not Christians and wished to become such were invited to stand up. Not a dozen got up. Then those who were already Christians were invited to stand up. Then the audience arose as one body. If there is any sense of humor in the good Lord he must have laughed up his coat sleeve when it occurred.

The New York Herald thinks to sell bonds at their face value one year, leave the proceeds in the banks free of interest and buy in bonds the next year at a premium is not a very clever finance, and only an urgent need on the part of the business community would justify the secretary's action. In encouraging speculators to count upon the government for financial and "moral" support in their ventures Mr. Gage sets a very bad precedent.

Montezuma Democrat: It is disgusting to hear people speak scornfully of girls who have to work for a living. No sensible man is dazzled by the glitter of a jeweled hand, a gold bracelet or a watch, all of which may have been bought on time. A rosy face in the kitchen is worth a dozen operatic singers in the parlor pawing the piano and screaming "A flower for my angel mother's grave" when very likely the poor old mother is hanging out a washing in the back yard. It is all right to know how to appear as a cultured, refined and entertaining lady, but to know how to be a good housekeeper, even if the work is only to be superintended, it is far better than superficial airs.

All hail! Nebraska! The state of least illiteracy, the state of least humbuggery. Under her enlightened and invincible leaders she has scored a victory that will be heralded the world around. The south is already abreast in the advancing procession and the east is beginning to yield. Reforms move slowly, but they do not decay. The election just passed is not a threatening comet in the eastern sky but a bright star or hopes leading the way to new efforts, new hopes, new conquests. Let no hand hang down and no heart grow faint. Let every friend of the people buckle on the armor brighten up his sword and line up for the battle of 1900. He who now weakens is of the stuff of which cowards and cravens are made.—Sidney (Io.) Herald.

Governor Poynter took his pen in hand and wrote a Thanksgiving proclamation which aroused the effete east. The New York World wired him for 300 words expressing his sentiments on the language of the document and in reply Governor Poynter sent the following:

"Replying to your inquiry would say your telegram quotes me incorrectly. My Thanksgiving proclamation says 'Acknowledging with grateful hearts His guiding hand in our growth to our present greatness, let us seek His aid lest we become proud, and a lust of power cause us to forget the exalted mission of the republic and a 'government of the people, by the people and for the people' perish from the earth."

"I was led to embody this thought from the tendency manifested in expressions and writings of many able men in the nation who advocate the doctrine of a colonial policy, and a larger standing army, either of which is contrary to the fundamental idea of our republic. The expressed determination to subordinate the people of the Philippines and treat with them afterwards seems to me the policy of an empire rather than of a republic."

"A government which derives its just powers from the consent of the governed' cannot hold a people in subjection by force. I believe in the God of nations. I believe in his overruling providence in the establishment of our government founded upon the doctrine of equal rights. We may continue to ask His guidance as a nation so long as we adhere to the principles for the establishment of which He gave our fathers His aid. Forsaking these sacred principles people's government will perish from the earth."

If, at any time you do not know where Nebraska's popular governor stands, on any question, just ask him and you will soon find.

Wakefield Republican: Bro. James A. Mallory, editor of the Wakefield Journal, threw down his mallet and planer, collected his quins and brushed his form, unlocked his galley, gathered some pie, made even, justified his form, put on a new head piece and pulled his freight last Friday for St. Paul, Minn., on a business and pleasure trip combined and to enjoy the Minnesota ozone thus recuperating from the stress of the political campaign through which he had just struggled. Bro. James will not bring back all of St. Paul with him this time but if necessary will make another trip.

THE VERDICT
and the
Nebraska Democrat
for
\$4.00 a year

The DEMOCRAT has made arrangements whereby it can offer the two papers for much less than the combined subscription price of both.

**EVEN WHILE
YOUR PULSE
DOES NOT
BETRAY IT,
DISEASE
MAY HAVE
FOUND ITS
WAY INTO
YOUR
SYSTEM**



And now the administration is worrying itself over what it will do with Aguinaldo when Otis captures him, and reports from Washington are to the effect that the president's advisers hope Aguinaldo will escape. This is a good deal like that funny republican yarn about Nebraska. After sending a lot of 'Otasses out here to capture the state for McKinley, the administration is tickled to death to know that Bryan "carried it."

Teachers' Meeting,
Ward School Building, Wayne, Neb.,
Dec. 9, 10 A. M.

Patriotism, W. E. Howard
Practical Work in Speech Method,
Miss Emma Schultz with Class
NOON
1:30 P. M.
Roll Call. Response by Current Events
"That Unruly Boy."
Pres. J. M. Pile
Benefit of Teachers' Meeting,
Miss Mary Mason
Mrs. Laura Armstrong
Miss Angie Wadsworth
Last meeting in the 19th century; a full
attendance desired.
Mary Seace
Committee: Gertrude Hayes
C. M. White

Farms and City Loans.

F. M. Skeen & Co. have just completed arrangements whereby they are enabled to place farm loans at the very lowest rates. They make a 6 per cent loan optional payments of \$100 or any multiple of \$100 at any interest payment with no extra commission, or will make a 5 per cent loan with reasonable cash commission. On sums of \$3,000 will make special rates. We are able to make a few city loans at present at 8 per cent individual money and represent a building and loan association that makes favorable loans. We're here to do a reasonable commission business and respectfully invite you to investigate our easy payment plan at low rates of interest.
F. M. SKEEN & Co.

**GREAT BARGAINS IN
MILLINERY**

Having on hand a full line of winter Millinery I am determined to sell it out as the season is waning. Will give big

**REDUCTIONS
On Trimmed Hats,
Walking Hats
Street Hats**

and Sailors from 25c, 50c to \$1. Everything in stock at Bargain Prices.

I call your attention to
Richards' Magic Stamping Pad
The only new, practical, simple method of doing STAMPING at Home. Any picture or design, from a newspaper or magazine, can be transferred perfectly to glass, china, celluloid, velvet, plush, satin, and in fact any material whatever. This Pad will last for years. Requires no paint, powder, hot iron or cleaning of patterns.

Miss H. Wilkinson,
Opposite Postoffice, Wayne.

The Citizens' Bank,
(INCORPORATED)
A. L. TUSCR, President.
E. D. MITCHELL, Vice Pres.
D. C. MAIN, Cashier.
G. E. FRENCH, Asst. Cashier.
Capital Stock and Surplus \$100,000.

—DIRECTORS—
E. D. Mitchell, A. A. Welch, J. S. French,
D. C. Main, A. L. Tuscr, G. E. French,
James Paul.

GENERAL — — BANKING



**J. C. HARMER'S
CARPET FACTORY**

Will make you an ELEGANT CARPET,
something that will brighten up your
home and last for years.

Old Ingrain Makes Fine Rugs.

TWO BLOCKS EAST OF OPERA HOUSE

**Anton Biegler,
SHOEMAKER**

I have purchased the Swaerzel shop on lower Main street where I shall be glad to meet my old customers and many new ones.

FINE WORK A SPECIALTY.
ANTON BIEGLER.

Your Picture

Is what all your friends want, be you handsome as a rose or as homely as a mud fence.

We Make You Look
as natural as life and at a very low price.

GRAVEN, The Artist

**HUGH O'CONNELL'S
Pool and Billiard Hall**
In Boyd Annex.

**GUY R. WILBUR,
Attorney at Law,
Abstracting and Loans**
Office over Wayne Nat. Bank Bldg.
WAYNE, NEB.

H. G. LEISENRING, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon,
WAYNE, NEB A. KA.
Office over Hughes & Locke's store.
Local surgeon for the C. St. P. M. & O. and
Union Pacific Railways.

**J. F. BUMPUS,
Osteopath.**

after Monday, Oct. 9th
MONDAY, } Wayne, Neb.
WEDNESDAY, }
FRIDAY, }

Office over Orth's store.
TUESDAY, } Norfolk, Neb.
THURSDAY, }
SATURDAY, }

At residence of J. S. McClary.

**Dr. J. J. WILLIAMS,
Physician and Surgeon**
WAYNE, NEB.

**A. L. HOWSER,
REAL ESTATE,
County Surveyor.**
Office City Steam Laundry.

S. B. Russell & Co!

Have
Money to Loan

On Real Estate Security.
Lands bought and sold on commission.
Taxes paid and property cared for for non-residents.
City property and farms for rent.
Insurance written in reliable companies.
Have complete set of abstract of title books in office.
Collections made.

ANSON A. WELCH,
Attorney at Law.
WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

**J H GOLL
City Meat Market.**
Fresh and Salt Meats always on hand. Oysters in season.

CENTRAL MEAT MARKET

VOLPP BROS. PROPRIETORS

Fresh and Cured Meats

J. M. STRAHAN, Fredon
Frank Strahan, Vice President.
H. F. WILSON, Cash
NATHAN CHACE, Ass't Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$100,000

DIRECTORS.
J. M. Strahan, George Bogart, Frank M. Northrop, Frank Falls,
John T. Bressler, Frank E. Strahan, H. F. Wilson.

General Banking Business done. Accounts of Merchants and Farmers solicited.

Schlitz Place.
HERMAN MILDNER, Prop.
Fine Wines and Liquors
Celebrated Schlitz Milwaukee Beer.

JOHN S. LEWIS, JR.,
Manufacturer of
and Dealer in **HARNESSES**
Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Blankets,
Combs, Brushes, Etc)
Agent for **Cooper Wagons.**
Wayne, Neb. Repairing of all kinds
Promptly done. Pender, Neb.

Palace Livery & Feed Stable
ELI JONES, PROPRIETOR
Good Single and Double Rigs at Reasonable Rates.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COMMERCIAL MEN.
Agent for Hartman & Co's U. S. Standard Seal

STATE BANK OF WAYNE
PAID-UP CAPITAL \$75,000.
Henry Lev, President.
C. A. Chase, Vice Pres.
H. B. Jones, Cashier.
Transacts a General Banking Business.
the only Bank in the County whose stock is all held at home. Interest paid on Time Deposits.

THE NEW DIAMOND
FRANK KRUGER, Prop.
Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Wayne, Neb.

FALL FOOTWEAR.

New fall styles arriving daily. Prices make it unnecessary to take something "just as good" elsewhere. The only place in Wayne County where you can buy Goe. E. Kieth's fine shoes, The Little Giant School Shoe, Pontiac's famous Footwear. The correct styles at the correct price.

MAUTE'S SHOE STORE.

Ladies and Misses Underwear

In this line we cannot be excelled. Our stock is the most complete in the city, and the prices are right.



We have a large line of pretty stylish

Jackets, Capes, Dress Skirts, Wool waists, Fleece cloth Wrappers, All wool and Fleece Underwear.

Union Suits, Hoods, Shawls, Fascinators, etc., etc.

If the combination of high quality and low prices has any attraction for you come to our store and we will please you.

August Piepenstock.

Raymond's DRUG STORE.

Do our out of Town Patrons.

I am particularly anxious that you call and look over our stock of

Christmas.

Goods. I want you one and all to have JUST the ARTICLE you wish. I am quite sure I have it in stock.

CALL OFTEN CALL AGAIN.

RAYMOND'S DRUG STORE.

Cold Chilly Winds

Will soon be whistling through that summer suit, and they will say "why not buy good tailor made clothes of the new tailors."

First to Come

Will get the best bargains and the best selections. Always glad to meet you and have a little talk on this subject.

Tweed & Reed

Street Tailors, Wayne, Nebraska.

Find Coal Vein at Jackson.

Telephone messages to Sioux City last night from Jackson, Neb., told of the important results of the discovery of bituminous coal north of that town several weeks ago. A coal vein was struck in two places and from the thickness of the vein and the fine quality of the coal, it appears that Riley & McBride, owners of the land upon which the coal has been found, may have struck a fortune. The news of the rich reward for work done where coal indications created excitement six weeks ago spread through Jackson and in the country around until a large crowd had gathered about the places where the drills were working. Late in the afternoon several deals for leasing land for mineral purposes were closed and a score or more options were sold.

The discovery of the coal was made a short distance north of Jackson at two different points in a gulch which follows the trail of the Missouri river. On three previous occasions evidences of coal were discovered in this gulch, and during the last three weeks Riley & McBride have had two gangs of men drilling at various points in this gulch. It simply was coincidental that the two drills struck the vein yesterday afternoon. The upper drill, which was boring from a deep part of the gulch, struck the vein at a depth of 75 feet. An hour later, the lower, which was a mile and a half distant from the upper drill, struck the vein at a depth of 102 feet.

Thomas Sullivan, of Jackson, one of the county commissioners of Dakota county, called up The Journal last night by long distance telephone and told of the excitement which the two discoveries had caused in his community.

"Oh, I tell you," he said gaily, "you folks at Sioux City with your big packing houses, had better watch out or Jackson with its mines will outgrow you. But you needn't fear any longer about a soft coal famine. We can furnish you all of the steam coal you will want for yourself and all of towns you job to. I went out with the crowd this afternoon and inspected the coal which was found. It was of a very excellent quality. It was so brittle as to be almost hard coal. There is no fake about these finds; you may take my word for that. The coal is there in the greatest abundance, and its discovery means wealth to this entire territory. It means much to all of us in the immediate vicinity of Jackson, but it means very much more to Sioux City with its great coal consuming manufacturing and its railroad.

"Messrs. Riley & McBride have ample financial backing and immediately will proceed to mine the coal. At the 75-foot hole there is shaft down to a depth of 35 feet, where the sandstone begins. This shaft will be sunk to the vein and mining operations will follow. The coal will be on the market in a very short time.—Journal, 25th.

Rash Turned Loose.

Norfolk News. C. K. Rash, the notorious Wayne county murderer, was given his freedom the other day. He has been confined in the Norfolk hospital for the insane for about two years, during which time he has shown little or no evidence of insanity and the asylum authorities had no reason for longer keeping him in confinement. The authorities will however probably keep an eye on him and if he gives evidence of any wrong he will be returned. On his release he took passage for Missouri where he will reside. There is no one sorry that he has chosen Missouri for his home unless it be the people of that state, as Nebraska is glad enough to get rid of him.

The News goes on to give a detailed account of the murderous work of Rash, which is not quite according to history. The brute killed his three children and his wife with a soap stone, mangling the bodies in horrible shape and then remaining in the house with them until the next day when the sheriff went out after him, some nine miles south of Wayne. The Democrat man helped feed Rash at the jail a couple of days after the killing, he refusing all food. A rubber tube was jammed into his throat and nourishment poured into him. He always acted the part of a sultry devil instead of an insane person, and many people here believe that he should have suffered the full penalty for his past heinous deeds. It is not at all probable that he will ever again be seen in this country, unless it is a fact that he is really crazy.

For Sale.

Span of mules, harness and wagon. S. WHITMAN, Wayne, Neb. Wells Bored. On short notice and lowest expense. See ASHER L. HURLBURT.

COLLEGE NOTES.

Mrs. Pile is spending this week in Lincoln and Fullerton. Joe Carroll of Dixon was visiting college friends Saturday. Mr. O'Connor of Harrison, Mr. Kingston of Stanton and Mr. T. Schetter of Freeman, S. D., enrolled Monday. Miss White spent Monday night at the college and accompanied Mrs. Pile to Lincoln Tuesday morning. All classes were dismissed yesterday and the majority of the students attended the church services. Miss Chase has a large class in Letter Writing and composition work that meets every Thursday. The class in Parliamentary Law and Debating continues under the direction of Prof. Gregg. Much good work is being done. The music department was never so full before at this time of year. Every student makes good progress under Miss Stewart's care.

Supt. Hancock of Stanton visited at the college this week. He is an earnest school worker. A large number of students attend from his county. Prof. Gibbons is kept busy with his book-keeping, actual business, penmanship and commercial law. Every student of the business department is doing good work.

There are five daily classes in shorthand and all are progressing nicely. More students are studying shorthand and typewriting now than we ever had in the work at one time.

B. Mossman was a visitor from Carroll Tuesday. Atty. Welch was attending court at Pierce Monday.

Photographer Craven was in Pender over Sunday. L. F. Holtz went to Council Bluffs Monday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Dickel, Mrs. Holtz' mother.

See changes in ads. of Miss Wilkinson, J. H. Kate, Raymond the druggist, and others. Read the DEMOCRAT'S advertising columns, they are all right.

Monday Dec. 5th. Pat Coleman is going to have one of the biggest auction sales ever had in the county, at his farm in Plum Creek precinct. Mr. Coleman is quitting farming for good, and everything will be sold regardless of prices. He has a large amount of cattle, hogs, horses, farm machinery, etc., and this sale will be the place to get anything and everything kept on a first-class, up-to-the-times farm, and for just what you feel like paying.

When You Have an Auction Call at the DEMOCRAT and get your bills furnished free.

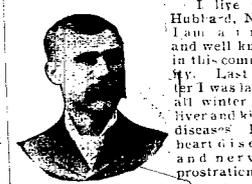
J. G. MINES Leading Jeweler



Choosing wedding gifts for friends, or jewels for personal adornment, is always a pleasurable experience when visiting our store. There are so many novelties, in fine designs and settings, such a fine array of handsome Silverware, Mantle Clocks, fine Watches, Rings, etc., at such reasonable prices that it is a genuine surprise when you see the figures.

J. G. MINES Leading Optician,

August Fredericksen.



I live near Hubbard, Neb. I am a farmer and well known in this community. Last winter I was laid up all winter with rheumatism and kidney disease. I had heart disease and nervous prostration. We doctors and doctors but they only carried off my money and left me no better. I was persuaded to try Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills. I took them and in a few days I was able to get up and work every day, and after taking three bottles I was strong and well and able to do all my work. I can say that Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills are the best medicine I have ever used. Yours respectfully, AUGUST FREDERICKSEN, Hubbard, Neb.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS



Safe. Always reliable. Never fails. Gold metallic boxes, sealed. Take without delay. Beware of cheap imitations and imitations. For sale in all drug stores. Price 25 cents per box. Sent by mail 10 cents per box. Write for particulars to CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., 2100 Madison Square, New York, N. Y.

F. M. SKEEN & CO., Law, Real Estate, Farm and City Loans INSURANCE AND COLLECTIONS.

Best Bargains, Best Terms, Best Locations, Lowest Interest, all on Commission.

Strictly square dealing with everybody. No law suits growing out of careless or illegitimate transactions. No oppressive rates of interest. No foreclosures or hardships on those with whom we have dealt in seventeen years of extensive dealing in real estate and personal properties. We sell and exchange on commission Farms, City Property, Stocks of Merchandise, Mills and Manufacturing concerns in different localities,—in fact all kinds of Real Estate and Personal Properties. Have for sale and exchange in Wayne, Cedar, Dixon, Pierce and Knox counties, Farms, City Property, Prairie, Grass and Hay lands, Pastures, Lease lands, College and School land, Rental farms, Brick buildings, Livery Stables, City Lots. Have tracts from 5 to 1000 acres of improved and prairie lands ranging in prices from \$10 to \$50 per acre; some of these have the very finest groves, bearing orchards and vineyards, living, hydraulic, and well water, some on terms as easy as cash rents in older counties.

Have property in Chicago, Minneapolis, Kansas City, Omaha, Sioux City, and various towns throughout the west listed for sale and exchange. Have excellent facilities for selling and exchanging property anywhere in the United States with both eastern and western clients and correspondents. Many wanting to sell and exchange come to us, knowing we have property in nearly every state and territory, that we keep posted in location and values in outside property all over.

A Few Bargains from a Large List of Farms.

- No. 1. 160 improved, 6 miles from Wayne, living water; price \$4160.
- No. 2. 160 improved, 1 1/2 miles from Wayne; price \$3360.
- No. 3. 160 improved, 7 miles from Wayne; price \$4160.
- No. 4. 160 under plow, no buildings, 7 miles from Wayne, \$3680.
- No. 5. 160 under plow, 6 miles from Wayne, \$3600.
- No. 6. 160 under plow, 7 miles from Wayne, \$3600.
- No. 7. 320 under plow, 5 miles from Wayne, \$8160.
- No. 8. 12 fine farms near Wayne at from \$30 to \$40 per acre.
- No. 9. \$50 acres, nine miles from Wayne, fine bearing orchard, all under cultivation, good house, large barn; bottom and upland, evenly divided; an excellent tract for cattle ranching. Price reasonable.
- No. 10. 700 acres fine cattle ranch at \$40 per acre. First class improvements.
- No. 11. \$30 acres prairie land at \$11.50 per acre, good soil, 6 miles from good town.
- No. 12. \$320 acres, improved, 22.50 per acre; a bargain.
- No. 13. 240 acres, improved, 22.50 per acre; a bargain.

Call on or address F. M. SKEEN & CO., Wayne, Nebraska.

OVER POSTOFFICE.

The Best Policy



Is only to make statements measurably truthful. You can't fool all the people, all the time, and we prefer not to try it any time. We are not philanthropists, and do not give

goods away, but we sell them at figures affording us a fair profit and you an honest bargain. Call and get prices. Leave your order and be well dressed.

HOLTZ THE TAILOR.

A Good Lift



Toward home comfort is when you purchase the right sort of a stove for parlor, sitting room or kitchen. There are so many varieties of stoves that it will be worth your while to examine several before investing. You could not possibly miss it if you come in here and invest in our

Superior Ranges and our Air Tight Stoves.

You will find that it will be money well spent and you will never have any other after using them.

Otto Voget, Wayne.

For Bargains in all kinds of

Winter Clothing

See Zurehner, Duerig & Co. German Store, Wayne, Nebraska.

The Brookings Grocery Which is always to the front on Wholesome Food Products

They will send you just what you want when you want it. Nice, clean fresh Groceries at the right price and delivered promptly. Try us.

DR. J. C. CLARK Eye Specialists of Sioux City.

Will be at the Hotel BOYD, Jan 2 and 3 Examination and Consultation Free.

NEBRASKA NEWS.

The corn in the vicinity of Elk City is nearly all gathered.

The First Nebraska regiment is being reorganized.

At Plattsmouth the trial of John W. Harris, charged with murder, is on.

Arrangements for a new high school building are under way at Fremont.

A woman's suffrage convention was held at Fremont November 23 and 24.

The petition for incorporation by the village of Monroe has brought on a legal fight.

The populist candidate for sheriff at Culbertson has contested the election of J. H. Brown, republican.

Forty-eight school girls at Kearney have emulated Uncle Sam's soldiers by organizing a cadet company.

Frank Kaura, a Bohemian living near Marsland, committed suicide Sunday by cutting his throat with a razor.

Deputy Postmaster Rolfe, of Nebraska City, has been appointed postal inspector.

The North Bend beet sugar syndicate has finished harvesting its beets. It has gathered fifty-two carloads.

Thomas Coyne, a farmer living near O'Neals, was thrown from his wagon and died in a few hours.

The farmers all over the state are happy over the rain this week. It has especially benefited the wheat crop.

George Wood of Chadron, a brakeman in the Elkhorn, in making a trip injured his hand. Two fingers were amputated.

A locomotive-spark near Holdrege resulted in a fire that destroyed \$2,000 worth of property.

Beatrice high school defeated Hebron in the gridiron at Beatrice, score, 37 to 0.

The fair at Nebraska City, conducted by company C, Nebraska national guard, has closed.

A reception was given at Tecumseh to Lieutenant Arthur Kavanagh, who was at Manila with Dewey.

Bishop Williams laid the cornerstone of the new Episcopal church at Falls City Wednesday.

Governor Poynter will institute an investigation of the shooting of Private Morgan at Fort Crook.

John Wilty, who broke jail at Neligh Monday morning, was recaptured and is now lamenting his luck behind the steel bars.

While playing in a pasture at Tecumseh, Walter Gibb, aged 5 years, was kicked in the face by a horse and severely injured.

Lyle Spayde has secured \$500 damages from the city of Fairmont for a fire of his home, which was destroyed by a fall on a defective sidewalk.

H. H. McElhinney of Nebraska, involved in the "Lindbergh" case, has been sentenced to eighteen months in the penitentiary.

A. F. Walls, the county clerk of Cuming county, has developed journalistic tendencies and has purchased a half interest in the Cuming County Democrat.

John C. Gammill and Harry Roach, the two candidates for clerk of the district court at Stockville, decided a tie vote by drawing lots. Gammill, republican, won.

The case of W. A. Paxton and others against the state of Nebraska was argued and submitted to the supreme court Wednesday.

The adjutant general has issued a regulation on the military department at Washington for the equipment of another national guard regiment.

A. F. Weirach of Omaha, who has been dispensing liquors at Alnoworth without a license, has been fined \$100 and a month in the district court fined him \$100 and costs.

The controversy at Hebron between the council and the Adams and United States Express companies has culminated in the withdrawal of the offices of those two companies from the town.

The Columbus post of the Grand Army of the Republic wants a new soldier monument, but the committee has reported that it is only about \$600. An entertainment will be given to make up the shortage.

At the December term of the district court at Falls City a suit to set aside the will of the late Colonel S. B. Miles will be instituted. The estate aggregates more than \$1,000,000.

A mysterious horse trade at Beatrice has caused trouble, and now Charles Grant is bound over in the sum of \$200 on a charge of making false representations regarding the qualities of a rather dilapidated equine.

The Sarpy county officials, after investigating the recent shooting of Moran at La Platte, decided that they had no jurisdiction and that the matter will have to be left entirely to the military authorities.

P. E. McKillop of Columbus has been sued by Agnes Mostek for \$3,000 damages. It is alleged that in taking some stock from Mrs. Mostek on chattel mortgage, McKillop so frightened her that she became seriously sick.

Some lecherous thieves entered the residence of J. R. Swalley near Nebraska City and after taking some jewelry and clothing decided that they were hungry. Whereupon they cooked a meal, using the best of everything in the kitchen, and then they took French leave.

The British residents of Portland, Ore., have raised \$500 for the fund for the widows and orphans of the British soldiers who were killed in South Africa.

Mr. Thomas Henry Ismay of London, the founder and chairman of the board of directors of the White Star Line Steamship company, died suddenly on Thursday evening. He was born January 7, 1837.

CHINESE KICK IS EFFECTIVE.

New York.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: "The Chinese minister, has again entered a protest because of the action of General Otis in too strictly excluding Chinese from the Philippine archipelago."

Instruction has been sent to General Otis to carry out the provisions of the Chinese exclusion law as applied to the country. The effect of this will be that General Otis will modify his regulations so as to permit the entrance of merchants and others belonging to the country. The Chinese who are allowed to enter the United States.

CANNOT SAVE CHARLESTON.

Washington, D. C.—(Special.)—The following telegram was received at the navy department today from the commander of the United States naval station at Cavite, P. I.: "The Charleston wrecked November 2. Last seen November 13, under water from stern to smokestack. Three unsuccessful attempts to get near. The vessel is now in the hands of the United States navy. Officers and crew all saved and well."

The Culojos is the supply ship which sailed from Hong Kong several days ago. She is expected to arrive at the scene of the wreck by this time.

BRITISH ARE PERPLEXED.

BOER STRATEGY KEEPS THEM GUESSING.

Mafeking, Kimberley, Ladysmith and Estcourt Surrounded and Cut Off From Main Army.

London.—(Special.)—More than a little uncertainty rests on the nature and character of the British operations for the reason that General Buller shows intention of allowing any true information to be flashed over the wires.

Up to yesterday there was no idea for instance, that General Buller, who was thought to be in command of the cavalry, was in reality in command of the columns entrusted with the work of pushing back the Boers from the northern part of Cape Colony. Nor was it suspected that General Getace, whose appetite for hard work and long marching shows no sign of diminution, was to be found near Queenstown, even close by Stormberg Junction, but so far west at Naauwpoort.

Nevertheless, it now seems clear that the Boers are still advancing, but seemingly in small parties. They have not yet reached any further south than Nottingham road.

The Mool river camp is still able to communicate with Pietermaritzburg, but the Boers are still in the neighborhood of the Orange Free State burghers and are consequently out of the colony altogether.

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HOW CUBA IS PROSPERING.

Starving Laboringmen Issue an Address to the Government.

Havana.—(Special.)—The workmen's club at Puerto Principe has presented to Colonel Mole an address reciting many grievances in the course of their declaration of the members say: "Until now we have invariably sought to maintain ourselves without resorting to force, which is such a disreputable and such is the absolute lack of work of any kind that we are compelled to request the government which now controls the destiny of the island to furnish us the means of obtaining a livelihood. At present it is almost impossible to find employment except on public works, which are carried out on a small scale to produce the desired result."

"Yet even this means of subsistence is being laid off down adding to the horrible number of the hungry. The spectacle is now offered of strong, robust men, able for any undertaking, most of them married, all with families, who are reduced to the condition of paupers, in absolute want. It is said, indeed."

The petition closed with a request for the government to supply work for 2,000 laborers.

The Patria, of Trinidad, province of Santa Clara, which gives a hearty greeting to the Cuban revolution, is prevailing in that district, says: "The inhabitants live on grain. They have no meat, milk, medicine, clothing nor bedding. The death rate is enormous. In one ward of 1,100 people only fifty persons are able to read. It is not strange that fanaticism and superstition flourish in such a community. There is great need of food, clothing, salt and medicine."

The Lucha says: "According to papers in the possession of the Cuban revolution, the length of service at certain rates of pay authorized by the committee of the Cuban army, the total debt owed to the soldiers is \$55,000,000."

The Discussion says: "The pope, in spite of his infallibility, has made a mistake in appointing to the bishopric of Havana Mons. Sbarretti, a foreigner who is a member of the Catholicism in Cuba is by associating it with the great characteristic of the Cubans, which is patriotism. Religion and fanaticism do not exist in Cuba. The religious practices of the Cubans are conventionalities, rather than the result of conviction. Many questions remain to be solved between the church and the state. The only way better to have a Cuban than a foreigner to settle them."

The control of the Cuban cemetery still remains in the hands of the Spaniards. The municipal council, headed by a prominent leader and fifteen men, arrived at Bamabang during the night of November 13, halless, his clothes torn and his body covered with mud and his horse exhausted.

Aguinado, it appears, made a short ride, seemed anxious, and visited with his companions and the village of the morning of November 13, cleared fresh horses and proceeded immediately toward Mangalaren, in Paganian province, west of Bamabang.

CERTAIN IT WAS AGUINALDO. The corporal tells a straight story, and he is not mistaken, having seen Aguinado several times during the recent months.

Aguinado, it appears, would have left to leave Bamabang November 13 and pass through General Wheaton's lines, November 17.

MARTIN'S TRIUMPHAL ENTRY. Manila.—(Special.)—General MacArthur has returned to Manila and has established his headquarters at Aguinado's former residence.

During the entire movement from General MacArthur's headquarters was the inhabitants of San Carlos met the Americans with a band formerly attached to the insurgent army and the alcalde (mayor) with General MacArthur and a procession through the town. General MacArthur received an ovation.

It was announced that they intended to garrison all the towns on the railroad. Hundreds of men are in the field harvesting rice along the railroad.

The foreigners in the territory assert that the advance of the Boers is the American advance for a month, when the rains would have finished. He had permitted a large part of his army to scatter to the mountains and the hills.

The soldiers had hidden their rifles about their homes. If this is true many rifles are likely to be brought in to secure the \$30 offered for each weapon.

The fording of Pampanga river was Tarlac by the Thirty-sixth regiment and a battalion of the Seventeenth regiment was notified to serve the bridge.

The command was swift. Part of the command was ferried on rafts and the remainder swam over, holding on to a life line strung across.

General MacArthur communicated with him, was holding San Fabian and two or three neighboring towns.

Captain Lousauer's capture of the Spanish gunboat was a remarkable stroke. His command consisted of three companies of the Twenty-fifth regiment, Captain Albright and the command of the Spanish gunboat.

He started at 6 o'clock at night and marched fifteen miles in the mud. The only regular approach was along a road and a narrow trail.

The entrance of the town was strongly fortified. The soldiers left the road and followed a cattle trail to the rear of the town.

The command was separated, one company advancing on the back of the town and the others flanking it.

The insurgent force was asleep, exhausted and the soldiers who were captured without shooting. One platoon ran down the main street to a trench and the other detachments made a quick search of the houses. An officer of the Spanish force said:

"The negro soldiers were pouring out of every house, dragging sleepy, frightened Filipino warriors by the collar and a race to see which company could kill the most Filipinos. The women and children, believing the stories told that the negro soldiers were fighting bravely. They fled to their homes and attend to work."

Manila.—(Special.)—The insurgents are concentrating at Montalban and San Mateo, where it is expected they will make resistance. The Spaniards never occupied these places, and the agents believe them to be impregnable.

A reconnaissance to the northwest of San Mateo on Tuesday developed the fact that the rebels are moving toward the north. The number of insurgents is unknown.

A reconnaissance showed that 200 rebels are entrenched at San Mateo and receive their supplies from the north and Marikina, where the rebel outposts are stationed.

San Francisco.—Three new cases of smallpox were discovered today among the English planters on the eighth (colored) regiment, now in quarters at Angel Island. This makes eight cases at that station. There are four at the Presidio, one of which the regiment was shipped away, having been taken down the coast.

Two of these four are confuent or malignant. Those at Angel Island are considered mild.

The practical woman's desk may be used to discover that for her own use is a plain 6-cent bottle of ink and a pen with the holder cuffed at one end.

WAR NOT YET OVER.

AGUINALDO ELUDES PURSUERS AND IS STILL AT LARGE.

American Suffer Severe Casualties in Forced Marches in Search of Filipino Leader.

Manila.—(Special.)—Severe fighting in the north of Iloilo began Tuesday, November 21. Four Americans were killed and twenty-five wounded, including three officers. The insurgents are retreating to Santa Barbara, but the fighting continues.

Colonel Carpenter, November 18, advanced to Santa Barbara straight north from Jaro, taking trench after trench, the enemy fighting and retreating.

THE RAFFLE AT CLANCY'S.

There's a raffle down at Clancy's; They're drawing for all kinds of prizes...

The Broken String.

There was a step in the narrow passageway that led to the dressing rooms, and Jenks and the property man, appeared in the doorway...

Thanksgiving.

With this season of mists and mellow fruitfulness comes our Thanksgiving day and the festival of the family...

PROPERLY GIVING THANKS.

At a Thanksgiving time the turkey plays a very important part. It is the one thing that is eaten...

led to a sofa in the wings on which Nellie Moore was lying. The doctor bent down over her for a minute...

LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

The United States contain 5,000 pattern makers. Every twenty-seven in a woman out of every twenty-seven in the German Empire...

Out of the Ordinary.

A retired Mississippi steamboat captain intended to make his bid by talking it into a large motor car...

PREPARE TO CELEBRATE.

When they've counted all the ballots and the votes gathered in, when the razing, guns and mallets...

THANKS FROM THE HEART.

God, I thank Thee for the strength with which Thou hast sustained me...

One Thanksgiving.

We had never spent "a Thanksgiving" in the country. And in town the Pilgrims' holy day was degenerated...

THEY GO TOGETHER.

It is believed by many thinking people that Thanksgiving was invented to give the turkey a distinction and a prestige...

THE ORDER OF THE DAY.

Now the festive rural dweller decides to begin his Thanksgiving. To begin a very pleasant task, task, task...

TWAS BUT A DREAM.

I saw the well-filled bin of corn, 'twould last me all the season. With a couple of eggs and some shoppers, enough for more than reason...

LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

The German Printers' union of Greater New York has established a school for teaching the English language to its members.

MINNIE M. LAING.

God, I thank Thee for the strength with which Thou hast sustained me. I had been conquered, eye and crushed, but for Thy might...

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LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

The Carnegie Steel company (limited) is preparing to introduce labor-saving machinery at the blast furnaces of the Edgar Thomson Steel works...

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GHOSTS, BY AN ASTRONOMER.

Camille Flammarion, author, astronomer and spiritualist, has just written a book on the controversy regarding his belief in ghosts and communication with the dead...

TO ABOLISH UNHAPPY MARRIAGES.

By Elizabeth Cady Stanton: I think that there are more happy marriages nowadays than in the olden time, for women consider longer before entering the marriage state...

HOW TO MOVE A BUREAU.

"How in the name of time are we going to move the big bureau without taking the drawers all out?" was the first question...

ORONHYATEKHA, RICH INDIAN.

Oronhyatekha, a doctor of medicine, is the richest Indian on the American continent. He is without doubt the best educated...

THEY USE NO WINKS.

Far more curious is the custom of the Japanese in the launching of their ships. They use no winks. They hang over the ship's prow a large paste-board sign...

PROFIT IN TOMATOES.

Tomato growers in Indiana, have made large profits on their crops, which this year are large and of good quality. The yield ran from \$60 to \$76 per acre...

